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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/666,364		09/20/2000	Hideo Suzuki	39303.20197.00	8624	
25224	7590	05/06/2005		EXAM	INER	
MORRISON & FOERSTER, LLP				ZHOU,	ZHOU, TING	
555 WEST I	FIFTH ST	REET		<u> </u>	. <u>-</u>	
SUITE 3500				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGE	LOS ANGELES, CA 90013-1024			2173		
				DATE MAIL ED: 05/06/200	۲	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/666,364	SUZUKI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Ting Zhou	2173
The MAILING DATE of this communicatio Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT! - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX.(6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. , a reply within the statutory minimum of thir period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		•.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	07 February 2005.	
	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for al	llowance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice un	nder <i>Ex part</i> e Quayle, 1935 C.D	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>1,14,20,26-30 and 33-35</u> is/are	pending in the application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) 1, 14, 20, 26-30 and 33-35 is/ar	re rejected.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)] accepted or b) ☐ objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection t	to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c	correction is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by t	he Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a laim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
1. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received in A	Application No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	e priority documents have beer	received in this National Stage
application from the International B	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
* See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies not	received.
Attackmont(c)		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94		(s)/Mail Date

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/13/04.

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

6) Other: _

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

The amendment filed on 7 February 2005 have been received and entered. Claims 1, 14,
 20, 26-30 and 33-35 as amended are pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 14, 20, 26-30, and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,166,314 to Weinstock et al. (hereinafter Weinstock) and "Emagic Notator Logic Sequencing software (Macintosh)" by Jim Aikin (hereinafter Aikin).

Referring to claims 1, 14, and 20, Weinstock discloses a method for editing performance data, an apparatus, and machine-readable storing data and programs on a computer system having a display. See col. 2, lines 5-10.

Weinstock controls the computer system to display a plurality of layers on a screen of the display. See Fig. 6, which shows a graphical user interface that is divided into sections/layers showing categories of information wherein each categories of information is represented by a layer of information. Also, refer to col. 19, line 50 - col. 20, line 8.

Weinstock provides an instruction [and a receiver for receiving the instruction] for controlling the display setting of at least one of the plurality of layers, the display setting being

one of a display mode or a non-display mode. In response to the instruction, the computer system places at least one of the layers in a display mode or a non-display mode. See Fig. 9, which shows a Views menu in which the user may select which categories (layers) are displayed. The categories with a check beside them are displayed, while the ones that are unchecked are in a non-display mode. Also, refer to col. 24, lines 27-49.

While the layers of Weinstock may contain execution icons (icons associated with the execution of music; i.e. play: 618, stop: 616, fast forward: 626, among others), Weinstock does not explicitly teach attaching an execution icon at a user prescribed position in at least one of layer that is displayed on the display in response to a user instruction, wherein the execution icon corresponds to execution-related data. However, Aikin discloses sequencing software with several layers, wherein execution icons may be attached to each layer (i.e. Figs. 2-3, pages 123-124 and 127-128). In these sections, Aikin describes how a user selects execution icons corresponding to execution-related data representing articulation used in music performance, i.e. pipes organ icon representing how the pipe organ, a musical instrument, performs, from a palette and places them on a layer, causing the corresponding data to be incorporated into the performance data being edited. For example, a user may select a pipes organ icon, which corresponds to how the performance is to be executed, and is therefore an execution icon. The musical notes are also execution icons pertaining to how music is to be played/executed. Furthermore, since the windows and layers can be edited, once the icon is placed on a layer, they can be edited as well.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the correlated musical score interface of Weinstock with the Sequencing and editing interface of Aikin such

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that at least one of the layers (i.e. GUI sections) is editable such that it can have execution icons attached thereto as described by Aikin in order to edit, change, or add to the performance data according to the desired purpose (Weinstock at col. 2, lines 5-10), i.e. achieve the desired musical output or song as described in Aikin, thereby providing the user with user selected views of information that reduce screen clutter and optimize the view for the user's needs as taught by Weinstock (col. 24, lines 27-49).

Referring to claim 26, the prescribed position in the at least on layer, to which the execution icon is attached in Weinstock and Aikin, is determined in correspondence with progression of the performance data. For example, see Weinstock at col. 22, lines 54-67 and Aikin at page 123, col. 1.

Referring to claim 27, Weinstock discloses that each layer (category) is displayed as an execution icon layer in correspondence with the execution-related data. For example, see col. 1, lines 25-38.

Referring to claim 28, Fig. 6 or Weinstock shows one of the execution icon layers contains a tempo icon layer. See Fig. 6, 606 and 610.

Referring to claim 29, Fig. 6 of Weinstock shows that the computer system is controlled to display a name of at least one of the plurality of layers. See how the name of each category (layer) is displayed within the layer.

Referring to claim 30, it is inherent in Weinstock that a cursor (operator) is displayed that is controlled by a mouse to control at least one of the plurality of layers. See Fig. 6 and Fig. 9.

Referring to claim 33, Weinstock and Aikin teach editing the execution icon attached onto one of the plurality of layers, and editing the performance data corresponding to the

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execution icon that is edited. See Weinstock at col. 21, lines 61-66. Also, see Aikin at the sections labeled "The Matrix Window" and "The Hyper Edit Window" on page 127. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the correlated musical score interface of Weinstock with the Sequencing and editing interface of Aikin in order to achieve an interface that correlates and edits musical data according to the liking of the musician, wherein the musician may add/edit execution icons that affect the performance data to achieve the desired musical output as taught by Aikin and correlate performance data with user selected views of information that reduce screen clutter and optimize the view for the user's needs as taught by Weinstock (col. 24, lines 27-49).

Referring to claim 34, a musical score is displayed on the screen of the display of Weinstock and Aikin so that the plurality of layers are displayed in relation to the musical score. See Weinstock at col. 19, lines 64-67, which describes rendering the accompanying score in one of the layers. Also, see Fig. 2 of Aikin.

Referring to claim 35, in response to the user instruction of Weinstock and Aikin, *supra*, the execution icon attached to the layer is selected or edited and a prescribed range of execution-related data corresponding to the execution icon that is selected or edited on the musical score is visually displayed. See Aikin at the section under "The Matrix Window" on page 127, which describes how notes or groups (range) of notes may be selected and visually edited.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 7 February 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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particular structure (see MPEP 2106).

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4. Firstly, the examiner notes that the applicant has amended the claims to add limitations such as "representing articulation used in musical performance", and "wherein said steps of attaching the execution icon causes the corresponding execution-related data to be incorporated into the performance data being edited" into the independent claims. Claim languages such as "wherein" and statements of intended use (i.e. execution icon corresponding to execution-related data representing articulation used in musical performance) merely suggest limitations or make limitations optional. In using claim languages such as "wherein" and statements of intended use or field of use, applicant has not required steps to be performed or limited an apparatus to a

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5. Furthermore, the applicant argues that Aikin does not speak to graphically attaching execution icons, or any icons, to a plurality of displayed layers whereby the attaching of the icons causes the corresponding execution-related data to be incorporated into the performance data, especially wherein the execution-related data represent articulation used in musical performance. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Aikin teaches the ability to edit windows, sequences and layers with tools such as the scissor or solo tool; Aikin further teaches that music icons, such as a trumpet or pipe organ icon, can be selected from a tool palette and dragged onto a window of the GUI or display, as recited in page 123 and shown in Figure 3; thus, once the icon is placed onto the window, the icon with the corresponding data of how the musical instrument is to be executed, can also be edited since the icon is on the window and the window can be edited. The applicant also argues that instrument icons are not execution icons. The

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examiner respectfully disagrees. An execution icon corresponds to execution-related data. An instrument icon pertains to how the music is to be executed, i.e. performed and is therefore music performance related data. Thus, instrument icons are execution icons.

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ting Zhou whose telephone number is (571) 272-4058. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7:00 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached at (571) 272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-4058.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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JOHN CABECA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE

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